SPLIT-UP SYLLABUS

SUB: COMPUTER SCIENCE (083)

CLASS - XII (NEW SYLLABUS)

(SESSION 2021-22)

DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS

UNIT	UNIT NAME	MARKS
1	Computational Thinking and	40
	Programming - 2	
2	Computer Networks	10
3	Database Management	20
	TOTAL	70

MONTH- WISE DISTRIBUTION

Month	Topics to be covered	Th.	Pr.
oril	Unit I: Computational Thinking and Programming – 2	30	20
	 Revision of Python topics covered in Class XI. 		
	• Functions: types of function (built-in functions, functions defined in module, user		
A	defined functions), creating user defined function, arguments and parameters,		
	default parameters, positional parameters, function returning value(s), flow of		
	execution, scope of a variable (global scope, local scope)	20	10
May- June	 Introduction to files, types of files (Text file, Binary file, CSV file), 	20	10
	relative and absolute paths		
	 Lext file: opening a text file, text file open modes (r, r+, w, w+, a, a+), 		
	closing a text file, opening a file using with clause, writing/appending		
	using read(), readline() and readlines(), seek and tell methods		
	manipulation of data in a text file		
	• Binary file: basic operations on a binary file: open using file open modes (rb.	30	25
	rb+, wb, wb+, ab, ab+), close a binary file, import pickle module, dump() and		
	load() method, read, write/create, search, append and update operations in		
luly	a binary file		
~	 CSV file: import csv module, open / close csv file, write into a csv file using 		
	csv.writerow() and read from a csv file using csv.reader()		
	 Python libraries: creating python libraries 		
	 Recursion: simple programs with recursion: sum of first n natural numbers, 	25	25
	factorial, fibonacci series		
8n	 Idea of efficiency: number of comparisons in Best, Worst and Average case 		
A	for linear search		
	• Data Structure: Stack, operations on stack (push & pop), implementation of		
	stack using list. Introduction to queue, operations on queue (enqueue,		
	Unit He Commuter Networks	25	20
	• Evolution of networking: introduction to computer networks, evolution of	25	20
Sept	networking (ARPANET, NSENET, INTERNET)		
	Data communication terminologies: concept of communication. components of		
	data communication (sender, receiver, message, communication media,		
	protocols), measuring capacity of communication media (bandwidth, data		
	transfer rate), IP address, switching techniques (Circuit switching, Packet		
	switching)		

	 Transmission media: Wired communication media (Twisted pair cable, Co-axial cable, Fiber-optic cable), Wireless media (Radio waves, Micro waves, Infrared waves) Network devices (Modem, Ethernet card, RJ45, Repeater, Hub, Switch, Router, Gateway, WIFI card) 		
	HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION		
	• Network topologies and Network types: types of networks (PAN, LAN, MAN, WAN), networking topologies (Bus, Star, Tree)	15	05
be	Network protocol: HTTP, FTP, PPP, SMTP, TCP/IP, POP3, HTTPS, TELNET,		
Octo	VolP, wheless/mobile communication protocol such as GSIVI, GPRS and WLL		
	Mobile telecommunication technologies. 10, 20, 30, 40 and 30		
	Extensible Markun Language (XML) domain names LIRL website web browser		
	web servers web besting		
	Unit III: Database Management	15	05
November	• Database concepts: introduction to database concepts and its need		
	Relational data model: relation, attribute, tuple, domain, degree, cardinality,		
	keys (candidate key, primary key, alternate key, foreign key)		
	 Structured Query Language: introduction, Data Definition Language and Data Manipulation Language, data type (char(n), varchar(n), int, float, date), constraints (not null, unique, primary key), create database, use database, show databases, drop database, show tables, create table, describe table, alter table (add and remove an attribute, add and remove primary key), drop table, insert, delete, select, operators (mathematical, relational and logical), aliasing, distinct clause, where clause, in, between, order by, meaning of null, is null, is not null, like, update command, delete command, aggregate functions (max, min, avg, sum, count), group by, having clause, joins: cartesian product on two tables, equi-join and natural join Interface of python with an SQL database: connecting SQL with Python, performing insert, update, delete queries using cursor, display data by using fetchone(), fetchall(), rowcount, creating database connectivity applications 		
Dec-	Pre-Board Examination		
Jan			
Feb	Revision & AISSCE Practical Examination		

GUIDELINES FOR PRACTICAL WORK COMPUTER SCIENCE (083) :CLASS - XII DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS

S.	Aroa	Marks
No.	Aled	(Total=30)
1	Lab Test: 1. Python program (60% logic + 20% documentation + 20% code quality)	7
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		5
2	Report file: Minimum 20 Python programs. Out of this at least 4 programs should send SQL commands to a database and retrieve the result	7
3	Project (that uses the concepts that have been learnt in Class 11 and 12)	8
4	Viva voce	3

*Refer CBSE Curriculum for detailed guidelines for Project work.